

Publication of Unexamined Patent Applications

Japanese Patent Application Laid-Open No. 4-127688 specification
Publication Date: April 28, 1992

Title of the Invention: TELETEXT BROADCAST RECEIVER

Application Number: 2-248019

Application Date: September 18, 1990

Inventor: YASUSHI SUZUKI

Applicant: FUJITSU GENERAL LIMITED

Claim:

(1) A teletext broadcast receiver for separating teletext broadcast superposed on a television broadcast and displaying the separated teletext broadcast on a screen of a television receiver, characterized in that the receiver includes:

a function of displaying with captions the teletext broadcast on the screen of the television broadcast,

a function of connecting to a telephone line by a predetermined operation, and

a function of storing data of at least an address, a name or the like of an owner of the teletext broadcast receiver and a merchandise number of television shopping by the teletext broadcast,

a telephone set of a provider or the like which introduces merchandise in the telephone shopping being called with automatic dialing by merchandise purchasing operation of the television shopping, and the merchandise number which is displayed with captions

and the stored address and name of the purchaser being transmitted
to the provider or the like.

Publication of Unexamined Patent Applications

Japanese Patent Application Laid-Open No. 5-176306 specification

Publication Date: July 13, 1993

Application Number: 3-341122

Application Date: December 24, 1991

Applicant: TOSHIBA CORPORATION

Applicant: TOSHIBA AVE CO., LTD.

Inventor: TAKEO MORIKAWA ET. AL

[TITLE OF THE INVENTION]

TRANSMITTING DEVICE AND RECEIVING DEVICE OF TELEVISION SIGNAL

[ABSTRACT]

[OBJECT]

To provide an auto-dial control device for automatically carrying out dialing operation of a telephone set by means of a telephone number displayed on a TV program.

[CONSTITUTION]

Telephone information is superposed during the vertical blanking interval of a TV signal in a broadcasting station side 1 and transmitted therefrom. The telephone information is extracted in a telephone information extracting part 26 on a receiving side 2 and stored in a memory 28 when the information is effective, and when a viewer turns on a switch 29, a telephone line switching part 31 is connected to an NTT side line 32. Then, dialing the telephone number stored in the memory 28 permits correct and prompt calling.